Campus Safety
Students
2013-2014

Stay Calm, Be Informed, Be Prepared, Stay Safe
Emergencies can happen anytime and anywhere. An emergency can result from a medical situation, be weather related (severe wind or snow), facilities related (fire), or involve terrorist or other criminal behavior. Whatever the reason, it is important to be prepared and understand the resources that are available to you. The College has a complete Emergency Response Plan that is available for your review upon request. It provides detailed information on what to do in the case of a particular emergency. Training is provided annually in a variety of settings. Please watch for publicized training programs and attend at least one per year.

Be prepared both mentally and physically for the unexpected. While Western might be in the low risk category for crises such as terrorism, it doesn't mean it isn't possible. By preparing, you will be better able to respond during the stress of a real situation.

Be Prepared

- Have a personal plan. How will you remove yourself from a dangerous situation? How will you make contact with family and friends during a crisis?
- Familiarize yourself with surroundings. Are there people in your classes who might need extra help in an emergency?
- Know the location of all exits from places on campus you frequent.
- Know where to find the nearest phone if you don't have a cell phone.
- Lock your car and conceal valuable items left in the car.
- Never leave personal property unattended or out in the open.
- Review the Emergency Response Plan. Know where it is located.
- Don't hesitate to call 911 if you think an emergency exists.
- Attend annual trainings on emergency preparation.
- Know contact people’s names and emergency phone numbers.
- Understand the Communication Plan so you will know how to get information in an emergency (part of the Emergency Response Plan).

Be Aware & Involved

- Pay attention to your surroundings
- Notice things like water leaks, broken glass, burned out lights, broken or unlocked doors, emergency equipment that does not work. Report these things.
- Avoid unsafe conditions due to overcrowding, poor lighting, or limited emergency exits.
- Note the presence of strangers and report odd behavior to Protective Services and/or your RA.
- If you are working in an isolated area, be sure someone knows where you are and when you were expected to return
- Report suspicious activity, packages or conditions.
- If you have lost your key card or if your combination has been compromised, report it immediately. Do not share room combinations with anyone. Always keep your door closed and locked. Don’t prop it open.
In the event of an emergency or disaster, **you should:**

**Do**
- Remain calm, be patient, use common sense, think before you act, and give assistance as needed.
- Follow the instructions of College staff, Protective Services, and local emergency officials.
- Closely monitor news reports and emergency alert systems for news and instructions.
- Keep ready access to your required medication and phone numbers.
- Avoid crowded public areas.
- If you are uncertain what is going on, stay away from the area.
- Know where emergency devices are located.
- Know where emergency exits are.
- Make sure you have access to a good first aid kit.

**You should not:**

**Don’t**
- Use the telephone except to report the emergency.
- Use elevators.
- Jeopardize your life or the lives of others by attempting to save personal or College property.
- Light matches or candles or turn on electrical switches.

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**Evacuation**

If it becomes necessary to evacuate the building, it is important you remain calm, leave the building immediately, and exit in an orderly manner.

When evacuating, remember to:
- Assist people with disabilities. Call 911 and 382-1600.
- Take personal items with you (keys, coats, purses, etc.)
- Close doors behind you
- Always use stairs. **DO NOT USE ELEVATORS**
- Once clear of the building, move to designated gathering area.
- Do not enter the building until directed to do so by College Administration, Protective Services or other emergency personnel.

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**Shelter in Place**

In some circumstances, evacuation is not the correct action. If we ask you to shelter in place, lock doors and close windows. Stay away from doors and windows and monitor Campus communication for further instructions.
Emergencies

In the case of emergencies, dial 911 and 382-1600. Residence hall students should call your RA after you have called for emergency assistance.

Fire Regulations

• It is essential that fire lanes be clear of vehicles at all times. Don’t park in these restricted areas.
• There are fire alarm pull stations throughout the campus. If you see a fire or smoke, pull the closest alarm.
• If an alarm goes off, evacuate the building. You should become familiar with evacuation routes and locations (found in the Emergency Procedures Plan). Exit the building quickly and calmly. Open only doors that are cool to the touch.
• If trapped, get close to a window, wave, and shout to get attention or use a cell to call 911 and report your location.
• Emergency evacuation maps can be found in classrooms and residence halls.

Natural Disasters

• If you see a tornado, call 911 and call 382-1600. If you are indoors, go to the lowest floor and stay away from windows. You will be informed if we are moving people to the basement. DO NOT USE ELEVATORS. If you are outdoors, move away from the building, utility poles, and vehicles. Get to the lowest area.
• In the event of an earthquake, do not rush outdoors. Sit or stand against an inside wall or doorway and take cover under a desk, table or bench. Stay away from glass surfaces. If you are outdoors, remain there. Move away from power lines and stay in the open. Remember, aftershocks may occur at any moment with nearly the same force as the original quake.
• Snow emergencies can occur before or after you arrive on-campus. If classes are to be cancelled, announcements will be made through the normal communication channels. Announcements will also be made via local media. Care should always be taken in winter driving conditions and you should carry emergency items in your car.
Criminal Activity

• If you notice criminal activity occurring, do whatever it takes to avoid becoming part of the incident.
• When you are safe, contact 911 and 382-1690. If you can, jot down what you saw so you can give Protective Services an accurate report.
• Be sure to make yourself available to Protective Services to complete a full report of the event.

Threats of Violence

Bomb Threat

• Detail on a bomb threat can be found in the Emergency Response Plan.
• If you receive a call, do your best to keep the caller on the line and get as much information as possible.
• Call 911 and 382-1690.
• Complete the Bomb Threat report found in the Emergencies Response Plan Appendix.

Violent Behavior, Threats to Personal Safety

• If you are a victim or a witness to an attack, contact 911 as soon as you are safely able to do so. If you are not able to make the call, ask someone to do it for you. Do what you can to protect yourself in the process.
• If you see an active shooter, stay calm. Take cover if you can. Do not put yourself into physical danger to protect others. Only confront suspects as a last resort.
• If you are taken hostage, remain calm, be patient and avoid drastic action. Avoid arguments and comply with requests. Expect the unexpected.
Injuries & Medical Emergencies

Any injury or illness should be reported to the Information Desk, 382-1600, 1234. If you think the incident is an emergency, call 911. Follow Bloodborne Pathogens Guidelines to handle situations where bleeding is occurring. If a person has fallen, struck their head or hurt their back or neck, DO NOT MOVE THEM.

- **Choking.** Do nothing if the victim is moving air by coughing or gasping. If no air movement, apply four abdominal thrusts by grabbing the victim from behind with your hands over the “belly button” area; quickly squeeze in and up.
- **Seizure.** Protect from self-injury. Keep victim comfortable until emergency personnel arrive. Watch for vomiting.
- **Shock.** Keep victim warm and calm, with legs slightly elevated, until emergency personnel arrive.
- **Bleeding.** Use protective dressing when available. Press directly on the wound with sterile gauze, sanitary napkin, or clean handkerchief. Maintain steady pressure for 5-15 minutes. If bleeding is from an arm or leg, elevate the limb until emergency personnel arrive.
- **Heart attack.** Defibrillators are located at the Swimming Pool Desk, Information Desk, Library Desk and Student Services Office on the 3rd Floor. Instructions are simple. If possible, ask staff in the area to provide assistance.
- **Apparent overdose of drugs or alcohol.** Call 911 and 382-1600 immediately. If the person is throwing up, help them so they don't choke. If someone appears to be asleep, but you can't wake them, this is a serious warning. Call for help immediately. Remember, you can get alcohol poisoning from drinking too much.

Date Rape/Sexual Assault

Be aware of issues related to date rape. Do not put yourself into a situation where it is possible. Date Rape is forced or coerced sex between; partners, dates, friends, friends of friends, or general acquaintances. If something happens to you, contact Protective Services, the Student Development Center, or the Vice President for Student Success Services for help.

- Date Rape is the most common form of rape (78%) with 1 in 4 women expected to fall victim to rape or attempted rape before they reach 25. Less than 5% are reported to law enforcement.
- Can be coerced both physically and emotionally.
- If a person has had too much to drink or is on drugs they CANNOT consent to sex and therefore, it is legally rape.
- There are certain drugs that render the victim unconscious and limit memory.
- If you don't want to have sex, say NO like you mean it and fight if you have to.
- Although women are more often victims of rape, guys can be raped too.
- **NO MEANS NO!**
Computer Safety

Online communications like Facebook, Twitter, YouTube, and others provide a great way to communicate with old and new friends. However, you do need to be aware that there can be safety issues if you post personally identifiable information that allows others to locate you or use information about you. BE CAREFUL.

- Be aware that the moment you publish information on the Internet, it becomes public information. This means your parents or family, WWCC officials, and anyone else can login and look at information. If you are violating a College policy or the code of conduct and advertising that fact on one of these sites and it comes to our attention, you will be disciplined.

- Understand the settings of the provider you are using so that you are using privacy settings to control who has access to all of your information.

- Avoid posting information like your address, class schedule by time and location, social security number and bank account numbers.


- Avoid downloading very large files that will utilize an excessive amount of the College's resources. If you are repeatedly warned about this, access to our networks can be terminated.

- Avoid illegal downloading and file sharing. Chances are you will get caught! If you download copyrighted music and videos without paying for them, be aware that the vendors such as Sony monitor the sites and they will contact us.

- Always question suspicious e-mail and instant messaging. DO NOT download files from e-mail sources you don't know. Even the most friendly e-mail, can contain an attachment that will harm your computer. More information on computer safety is available to you at Quick Clicks, http://www.paperclip.com/qclicks/download.asp. Username: quick; Password: clicks. Have fun! **Use the tools as they are meant to be used. Be safe!**
Communication

In the event of an emergency on campus, we will make every effort to keep people informed. The following communication methods will be utilized. Please look to them for up-to-date information.

- Local radio stations (KRKK, KQSW, KSIT, KRFZ, KUGR, KVCS, KZWB)
- Mustang Cruiser (Be sure you sign up for emergency alerts) (prod.campuscruiser.com)
- E-mail and text mail notification in a serious emergency
- Cell phone notification
- Office/Room phone notification
- Personal contact as appropriate
- College Web Site (www.wwcc.wy.edu)
- Mustang Radio 91.5 FM
- Messages via the college alarm system

Be sure you have signed up for Cruiser Alerts.

Important Phone Numbers

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Call from On-campus Phones</th>
<th>Using Cell Phone</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Police/Fire/Ambulance</td>
<td>911</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Campus Emergency Phone</td>
<td>*1234</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protective Services</td>
<td>1690</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physical Plant</td>
<td>1680</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vice President Student Services</td>
<td>1639</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>After Hours</td>
<td>362-8223</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Support, Disability &amp; Counseling Center</td>
<td>1645</td>
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*Phones on main campus only. Residence calls call 382-1600

Any time you have questions about information in this document or in the full Emergency plan, contact Protective Services or the Vice President for Student Success Services.